

A bit of history.....



- LGB only removed from the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual* (*DSM*) in 1991;
- Considered a disease by the WHO until 1993;
- Being trans still included in the DSM-5: the term gender dysphoria replaced GID;
- Association with disease 'section 28' LGA 1988;
- 2010 UK Equality Act;
- LGBT human rights first recognised by the United Nations in 2012.

Research context for LGBTQ populations



- LGBT issues addressed in 0.1% of all Medline articles; 61% of the articles were diseasespecific, 85% no reference to race/ethnicity;
- Least focus on trans health issues;
- LGBT issues neglected in public health research
- Research (apart from sexually transmitted diseases) is lacking.

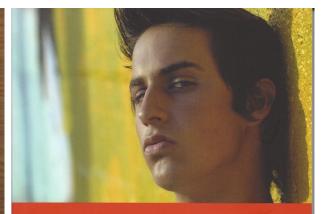
Boehmer, U. 20 Years of public health research: Inclusion of LGBT populations, *American Journal of Public Health*, 2002: 92:1125–1130

LESBIAN, GAY, BISEXUAL AND TRANS HEALTH INEQUALITIES



INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIAL WORK

Edited by Julie Fish and Kate Karban

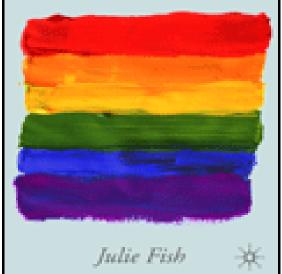


Social work and lesbian, gay, bisexual and trans people Making a difference

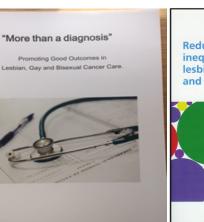
JULIE FISH

SOCIAL WORK IN PRACTICE series

HETEROSEXISM IN HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE



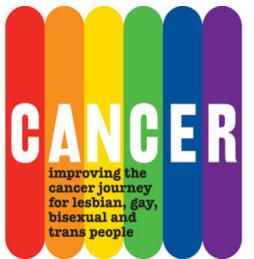




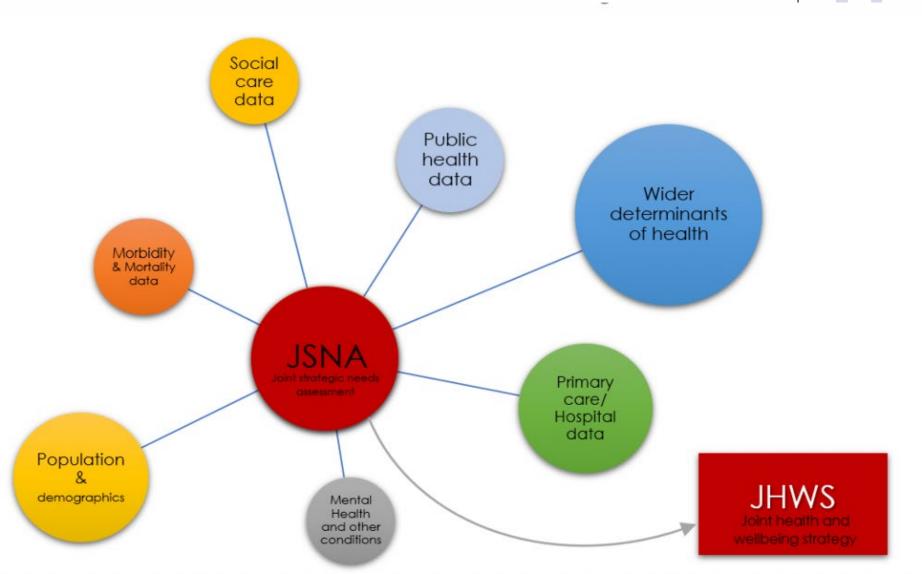
Report 2018

DE MONTFORT UNIVERSITY Reducing health inequalities for lesbian, gay, bisexual and trans people NHS





Understanding needs through data



SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH

The social determinants of health are the conditions in which we are born, we grow and age, and in which we live and work. The factors below impact on our health and wellbeing.





Healthy life expectancy

- LGB patients more likely to report fair/poor health;
- 1.5 times more likely than heterosexual patients to report unfavourable health care experiences.

Elliott M, et al. Sexual Minorities in England Have Poorer Health and Worse Health Care Experiences: A National Survey. *Journal of General Internal Medicine.* **30**, pages 9–16 (2015)

Preventing premature mortality



- Higher levels of risk behaviours associated with preventable mortality (lung cancer) e.g. smoking, substance misuse and screening;
- Factors associated with risk of CVD: weight, and alcohol consumption;
- Binge drinking and liver disease;
- Suicide and self-harm and worse mental health outcomes;
- Health related QOL among older people.

Trans people's health and social care

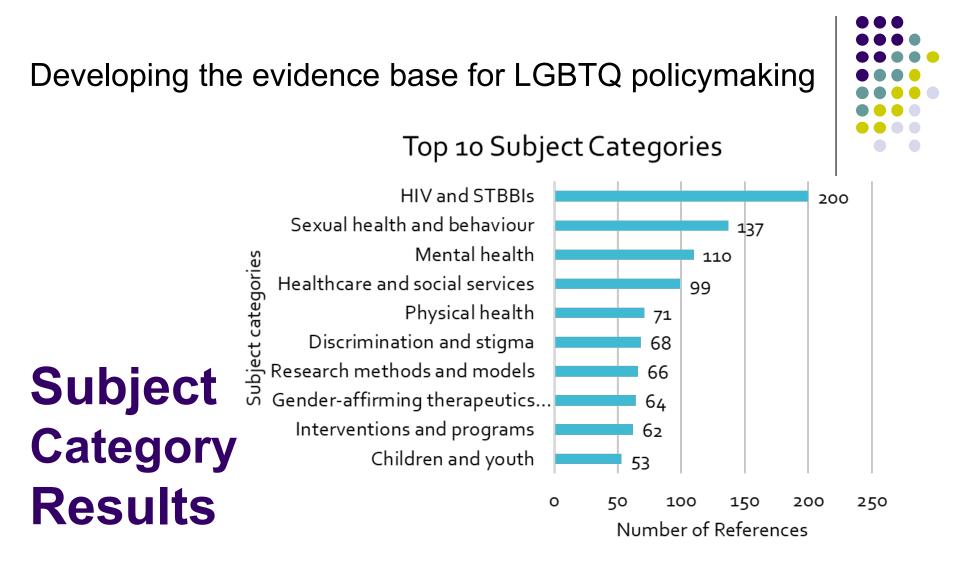


- GEO transgender survey 2011;
- Health was identified by respondents as being the top area of concern for the trans community, with nearly half of respondents (49%) selecting this as their priority;
- Preventing suicide
- Training of staff and research
- Collaboration with voluntary sector

LGBT government survey 2018



- LGBT respondents are less satisfied with their life than the general UK population;
- Trans respondents had particularly low scores (around 5.4 out of 10);
- Two thirds don't hold hands in public;
- Increase in LGBT hate crime;
- 24% of respondents had accessed mental health services in the 12 months preceding the survey



Marshall, Z and Farley, N (2020) Creating a Database for LGBTQ2SI+ Knowledge Synthesis (Knowsy): A Mapping Review of Evidence and Gaps to Inform Future Research, Presentation to What Works Global Summit, 30 Oct



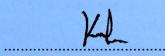


Leicestershire Partnership

LGB&T Open Mind IAPT service was officially opened on:

Wednesday 11 September 2013

By Kevin Mullins, National IAPT Programme Director, NHS England



Kevin Mullins National IAPT Programme Director, NHS England

Norman Finlayson Open Mind, Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust

and forgerand

Paul Fitzgerald Leicester LGBT Centre

Veronica Nall Trade Sexual Health

National Organisations

Broken Rainbow

The UK's only organisation offering support to LGBT victims and survivors of domestic violence and abuse. The organisation runs a confidential helpline.

Tel: 0300 999 5428 www.broken-rainbow.org.uk

FFLAG

Families and Friends of Lesbians and Gays A national voluntary organisation and helpline service supporting the parents and families of lesbian and gay people. Tel: 0845 652 0311 www.fflag.org.uk

The Gender Trust

Provides support for anyone affected by gender identity issues. Tel: 0845 231 0505 www.gendertrust.org.uk

Pink Parents

Pink Parents UK is a national project aiming to reduce the isolation and discrimination that LGBT families and families-to-be face. Tel: 01380 727 935 www.pinkparents.org.uk

Pink Therapy

The UK's largest independent therapy organisation working with gender and sexual diversity clients aims to promote high quality therapy and training services for people who are lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender and others who identify as being gender or sexual diversities. www.pinktherapy.com

Additional sources of help

Adam Project

The ADAM (Action against Domestic Abuse for Men) Project supports male victims of domestic abuse in Leicestershire and also provides information and advocacy on relationship breakdown, safety planning, housing options, benefits, legal issues, budgeting, tenancy sustainment and signposting and referrals to other agencies.

Adam.project@wallaction.org.uk Monday-Thursday 9am-5pm - Tel: 0116 242 6440 Friday 9am-4.30pm - Tel: 0116 242 6440

Leicester Parents Support Group

The group is made up of parents of gay, lesbian, bi-sexual and transgender children. It exists to help families and their children to understand, love and offer support where needed. www.leicesterparents.org.uk

Counselling		
Relate (relationship and guidance)	0116 254 3011	
Leicester Counselling	0116 255 8801	
Money and Legal Advice		
Citizens Advice Bureau	0116 285 2081	
Money Advice Centre	0116 242 1120	
National Debtline	0808 808 4000	
Employment		
Job Centre Plus	0800 055 6688	
Leicestershire Fit for Work Service	0116 285 1710	
Addictions		
Alcohol Advice Centre	0116 222 9545	
Drug Advice Centre	0116 222 9555	
Bereavement		
CRUSE Bereavement Centre	0116 288 4119	
Carers		
CLASP for Carers	0116 251 0999	
Mental Health		
Leicestershire Focus Line	0800 027 2127	
The Adhar Project	0116 220 0070	
Savera Resource Centre	0116 261 2837	
Network for Change	0116 247 0335	
Leicestershire Action for		
Mental Health Project LAMP	0116 255 6286	
Victim Support	0300 303 1947	
Domestic Violence Support		
SAFE Domestic Violence Support Services		
for Women & Men in Leicester	0300 123 0918	
Rape Crisis		
Leicester Rape Crisis Helpline	0116 255 8852	

Useful Websites www.leicspt.nhs.uk

www.lampdirect.org.uk enquiries@safedvs.co.uk Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust



Open Mind LGB&T Service



A talking therapy service for LGB&T people living in Leicester City who are feeling stressed, troubled, anxious or depressed, delivered in a safe and confidential LGB&T friendly space

> For access to this service please contact 0116 295 2151







Results:

- Comprehensive LGB&T training programme for both City & County IAPT services
- LGB & Transgender care pathway(s)
- LGB&T Service guide
- Memorandum of Understanding-LPT and LGB&T providers
- COMMS strategy
- Revised demographics screening
- Promotional film
- Opened by National IAPT programme Lead
- Improved trust & rapport between LLR's LGB&T communities and service providers and Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust and wider NHS health services
- Increased mainstream engagement with NHS services & access to further NHS provision without an increase in funding
- Now have a LGB&T JSNA presence-City/County





References

- amd
- Fish, J.; Hafford-Letchfield, T.; Toze, M. Almack, K. (2021) "Health Inequalities and Social Support among LGBT + Populations"
- <u>https://www.mdpi.com/journal/ijerph/special_issues/HI_LGBT</u>
- 14 articles
- Fish, J.; Almack, K.; Hafford-Letchfield, T.; Toze, M. What Are LGBT+ Inequalities in Health and Social Support—Why Should We Tackle Them? Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2021, 18, 3612. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph18073612</u>
- Toze, M; Fish, J; Hafford-Letchfield, T; Almack, K. (2020) Applying a capabilities approach to understanding older LGBT people's disclosures in primary care. *Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health* 2020, *17*(20), 7614;
- Westwood, S. Willis, P. Fish, J. Hafford-Letchfield, T. Semlyen, J. King, A. Beach, B. Almack, K. Dylan Kneale, Toze, M. & Becares, L. (2020) Older LGBT+ Health Inequalities in the UK: Setting a Research Agenda. 10.1136/jech-2019-213068
- <u>Fish, J.</u> and <u>Weis, C.</u> (2019), "All the lonely people, where do they all belong? An interpretive synthesis of loneliness and social support in older lesbian, gay and bisexual communities", <u>Quality in Ageing and Older Adults</u>, 20 3, pp. 130-142.

Resources available



Hidden Figures: LGBT health inequalities LGBT Foundation Manchester

http://www.lgf.org.uk/phof

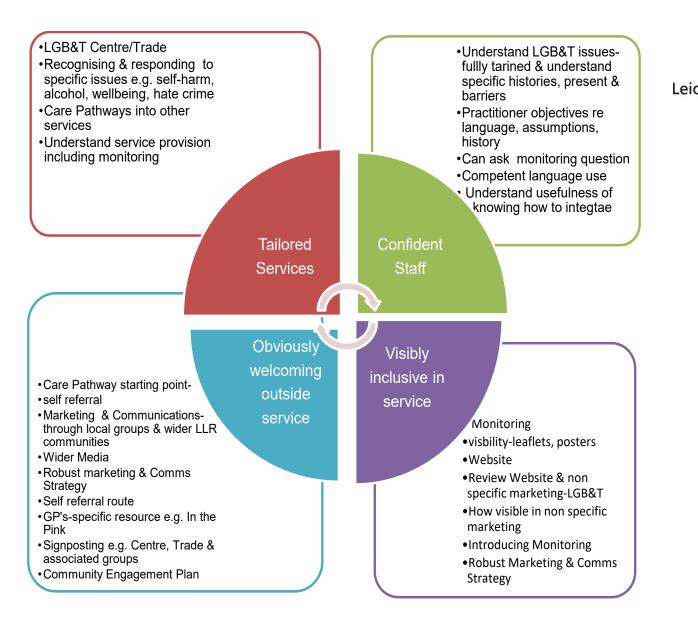
LGBT Public Health Outcomes Framework Companion Doc.pdf (london.gov.uk)

- Knowsy online portal of LGBTQ2SI+* systematic reviews, scoping studies, and evidence maps.
- https://Knowsy.ca

Researching intersex populations

• <u>https://ihra.org.au/research/</u>

Thanks for listening! Any questions?



Leicestershire Partnership NHS NHS Trust

> This is project focuses on ensuring that Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust works closely alongside local City CCG, Public Health, leading LGB&T health academics, LGB&T communities & providers to ensure a co-design approach

LGBT+ health inequalities Experiences of Living and working Healthy lifestyles discrimination Mental health conditions Inclusion of National / local data LGBT health issues in JSNAs gender social class ethnicity disability rural/ urban age